America somebody needs to take an elderly parent to see a doctor. That's today. Somebody has to take their child to school. That is today.

There are wonderful renewable technologies, but I can tell you as one who has worked in the industry, for these to be commercially viable, for them to be scalable, these technologies are easily 10 years away, perhaps 15, and in some cases. 20.

Another part of the answer, Mr. Speaker, is diversification. China is building two to three nuclear plants a year. In America, we haven't built a new nuclear plant and we haven't had any new permits in 30 years, and yet we know nuclear power has zero emissions, no impact, no carbon footprint whatsoever. We need diversification.

Another thing we need to do, Mr. Speaker, under the Republican plan to bring down the price of fuel at the pump is reduce the number of boutique fuels. There was a time in America's history where if you drove from Spokane, Washington, to Kansas City, Kansas, to Dallas, Texas, to Miami, Florida, there's only one gasoline you bought. Now it may be as many as a dozen, which drives up the price and leads to spot shortages.

Mr. Speaker, not only have we doubled, we are twice as dependent on foreign sources of energy today as we were at the height of the Arab oil embargo. Not only are we importing more oil, we are now having to import refined gasoline. Why? Because we haven't built a refinery in a generation because of this worshipping at the altar of radical environmentalism.

And Mr. Speaker, sometimes I think my friends on the other side of the aisle have forgotten that people are part of the environment, too, and they're struggling. They're struggling to keep their job, pay their rent, fill up their cars. We have to expand American refining capacity.

And then we have to produce the energy we have. Mr. Speaker, we are blessed with great energy resources. We are the Saudi Arabia of coal. That's why I and the gentleman from Texas have introduced this bill to ensure that Federal agencies can contract to help to develop these promising technologies in coal-to-liquid. It's already being done in Britain, in Saudi Arabia. We can do it now if the Democrat majority would get out of the way and let us produce.

And our oil resources, Mr. Speaker, the Outer Continental Shelf, our deep sea resources, why is 85 percent of that outlawed? Why is it off the board? Why can't we produce there?

There are decades and decades and decades of energy just sitting there for the take, and again, the radical environmental left that helps control our Democrat majority won't let it happen.

The arctic area of Alaska, half of our proven petroleum reserves sit there in an area of America where almost no one lives

Mr. Speaker, I get to represent a large portion of East Texas, and I can

tell you, somehow man, nature and pump jack can coexist. They can coexist peacefully, and it can be done in Alaska as well.

So, Mr. Speaker, I would hope that something as challenging as the high price of petroleum, that we could come together as Republicans and Democrats and work for the betterment of all the people in America.

But Mr. Speaker, you cannot outlaw supply and demand. You cannot do it. Demand has increased precipitously over the world, particularly in areas like China and India, and we're sitting on these great supplies, and we're the only Nation in the world that I'm aware of who sits on so much energy and refuses to produce it.

And instead, what does our Democrat majority offer us? Beg OPEC, sue OPEC, tax oil companies, castigate oil companies, impose a form of price controls. That does nothing, nothing to help American families.

The Republican plan will, and with that, I would be happy to yield to the gentleman from Texas.

Mr. CARTER. I thank the gentleman for yielding, and I hope that everybody is listening in detail to what my colleagues are talking about here today.

You know, I spent a long time as a district judge and watching lawsuits. It is very fascinating, this sue OPEC argument that's out there, because as I understand it, the lawsuit would be you are not producing enough, therefore, you're fixing the price and we're suing you. And I would see a lawyer for the Saudi Arabians or whomever we had sued, they would say, well, wait a minute, you're not producing, therefore, you're influencing the price of oil; so I'm going to counter-sue you under this lawsuit, and now, America, let's see who's not producing the most.

I'm afraid we'd lose because we're not producing anything on the east coast, anything on the west coast, anything in half of the Gulf of Mexico and anything in a quarter of Alaska, where they can argue that they're producing everything they can pump. It's just how fast they turn up the pumps. So that lawsuit might turn its back on us right there, and that concerns me. But that's all speculation.

It's not speculation that that family's not getting to go on a vacation. You know, it's not speculation the people who worry about how they're going to get their children to their schools and their after-school activities come the start of school in the fall.

I talked to a lady two-and-a-half years ago when the Democrat minority, when we were in the majority, were criticizing us for \$2.40 a gallon, \$2.50 a gallon gasoline. They were criticizing us, and I went and pumped gas in a gas station for about 3 hours and talked to the people as I filled up their tank.

And the lady who told the most compelling story was the one who said, I have to get my kids to their various recitals, practices, after-school activities and make sure they get to school on time. They go to three different schools. I'm a single mom, with three kids in three different schools in three different parts of town. And I have to choose between what we eat or if we eat and whether I get to drive the car to get these kids.

That was at \$2.50 a gallon of gas. We have now got \$4.07 a gallon of gas, and I can't help but think about that lady every day and wonder—I'd like to actually hear from her—wonder how she's doing.

Also, the trucker that hauled a load from Houston to San Diego and got paid \$1,800, and his fuel costs were \$1,700, how is that man going to make a living?

This is about making a living, living the American dream, just being good Americans, and we're being kept from that by the Democrats' energy policy. It's time to wake up and produce American energy for America.

Mr. HENSARLING. I thank the gentleman, and for our final closing comments, I yield to the other gentleman from Texas.

Mr. CONAWAY. I want to thank our two colleagues for being with us to-night to talk about this.

What you're really talking about is an attack on the American lifestyle. We have built a Nation predicated on cheap gasoline because it has always had cheap gasoline, and we've built suburbs. We've expanded into rural areas. We've built a lifestyle that demands low gasoline prices.

And what we are telling Americans is that this Democratic-led Congress wants high gasoline prices and wants to attack the American lifestyle.

## LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted to:

Mrs. Christensen (at the request of Mr. Hoyer) for today and June 25 on account of official business in district.

Mr. Pence (at the request of Mr. Boehner) for today on account of attending a funeral.

## SPECIAL ORDERS GRANTED

By unanimous consent, permission to address the House, following the legislative program and any special orders heretofore entered, was granted to:

(The following Members (at the request of Ms. KAPTUR) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Ms. Woolsey, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. CUMMINGS, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. DEFAZIO, for 5 minutes, today.

Ms. Kaptur, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. Spratt, for 5 minutes, today.

(The following Members (at the request of Ms. FOXX) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Mr. TANCREDO, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. MORAN of Kansas, for 5 minutes, today, June 25 and 26.